The Art and Science behind Search Engines

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Information is the resolution of uncertainty. **- Claude Shannon.**

Agenda

Introduce "Search" as a potential career option (engineering/research).

Life without search engines is difficult to imagine!

Role of Information

- We are always seeking information
  - How to be safe during COVID times?
  - Which universities provide the specialization I need?
  - How to get into a top college?
  - Which course to register for?
  - What are people talking about that new movie?
  - How to prepare for interviews?
  - …
- If only you had the information, you could rule this world!

What happens when all the information is deprived from you?
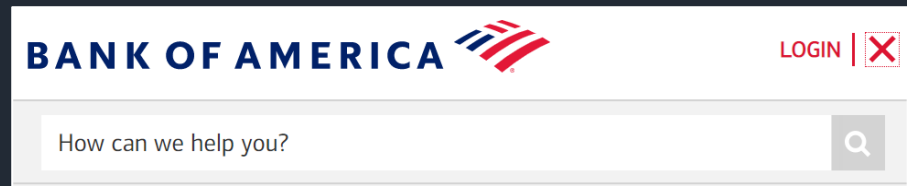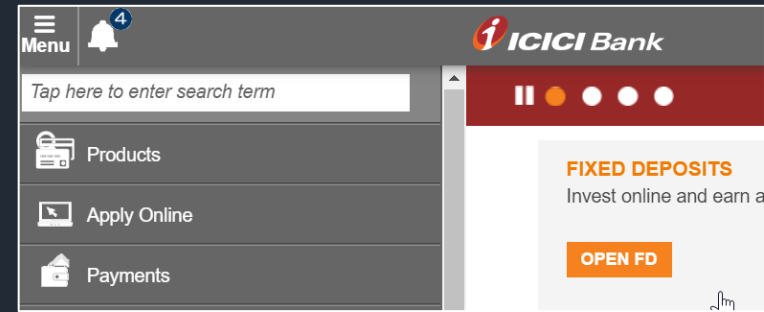
Solitary Confinement is Cruel

Picture Source: https://jjustice.org/resources/solitary-confinement

There is search beyond the web search engines.
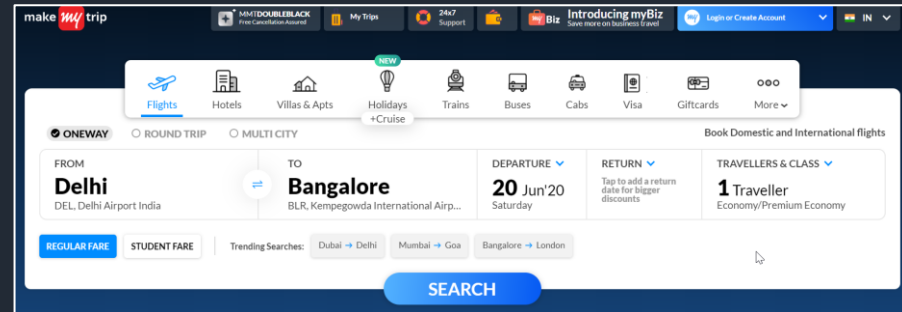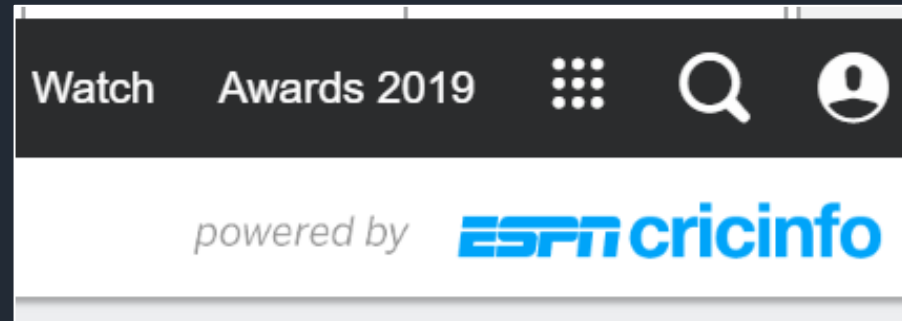
Search in Banking and Finance

Lots of products to sell
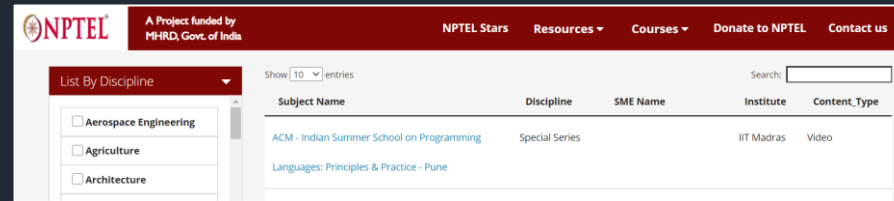
Reach a part of documentation faster

Search in Sports, Travel & Entertainment
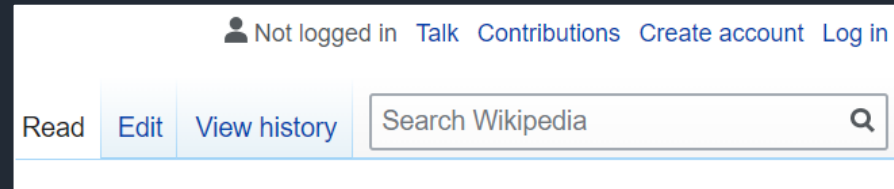
Search events, programs, and schedules

Search in Education, Ecommerce and Healthcare

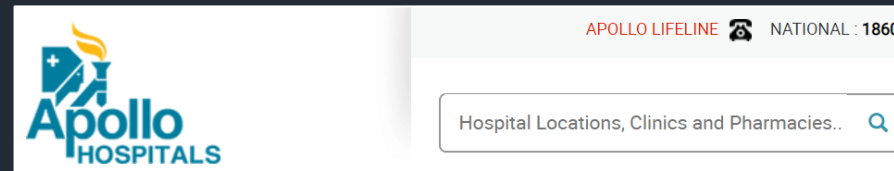Search courses, articles, symptoms, books, etc.

Search Relevance Engineer

Freshworks · Hyderabad, IN

Posted 1 month ago · 301 views

Search COE Engineer

Morgan Stanley · Mumbai, IN

Posted 2 days ago · 32 views

Technical Architect / Sr SDE - Amazon Search Engine Technologies

Amazon · Bangalore, IN

Posted 3 weeks ago · 271 views

Search Engineer

Kubric · Bangalore, IN

Posted 3 months ago · 56 views

Engineering Manager - Solr Search

Tata CLiQ · Bangalore, IN

Posted 4 months ago · 174 views

Senior Product Manager - Search

Walmart Labs India · Bengaluru, Karnataka, India

Posted 5 days ago · 2,912 views

Results of job search conducted on 18th June 2020 on https://www.linkedin.com/jobs for solr/information retrieval/search

influence human behavior

Search Engines

influence
Search Engine Evolution

**We have amazing search products.
Yet, an effective search is still a work of art!**

User needs to express his
information need properly

Taj

from
Agra

from
Assam

Relevance may be
subjective

Noodles

Maggie
Lover

Yippie
Lover

Information

Several retrieval systems: Lycos, Altavista, MSN, Baidu, Yahoo!, Ask.com, etc.,

Google

1998

30 Trillion documents

> 130 Trillion in 2016

Digital Libraries

1970's

Universal Digital Library,

Project Gutenberg, etc.

British Library

1970's

170+ Million Collection

Bibliothèque nationale de France

1463

Royal Library of Alexandria

300 BC.

The Science behind Search

How do search engines work?

What is Information Retrieval?

Information Need
Let us learn more about …

Query

Retrieval System

Results

Collection

Document1, Document2, …

Information Retrieval (IR) is finding material (usually documents) of an **unstructured** nature (usually text) that satisfies an **information need** from within **large collections**.
– From the Manning et al. IR Book.

Simple Retrieval Problem

- Say, we have a **collection** with 5 **documents**, each having the following contents
  - d1: IIIT ALLAHABAD
  - d2: IIIT DELHI
  - d3: IIIT GUWAHATI
  - d4: IIIT KANCHIPURAM
  - d5: IIIT SRI CITY
- Assume, the **Query** is
  - IIIT SRI CITY
- Which **document** will you match and why?

The Problem: How to Build a Retrieval System?

Query = "IIIT Sri City"

Retrieval System

Results = ??

Collection

d$_1$:"IIIT Allahabad"

d$_2$:"IIIT Delhi"

...

Large Collection

One (bad) Approach

- First match the **term** IIIT.
  - Filter out documents that contain this term.
- Next match the **term** Sri.
  - Filter out documents that contain this term.
- Next match the **term** City.
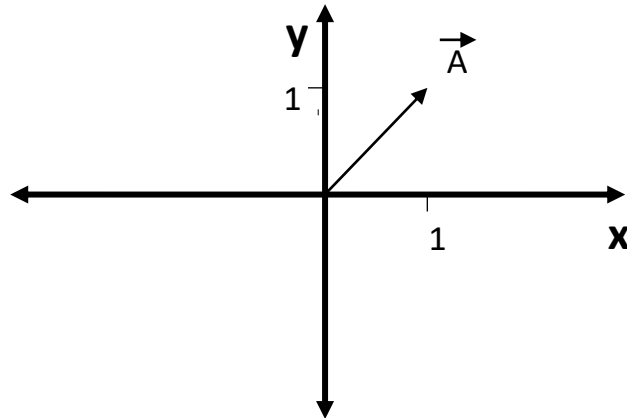 - Filter out documents that contain this term.

**Three iterations!
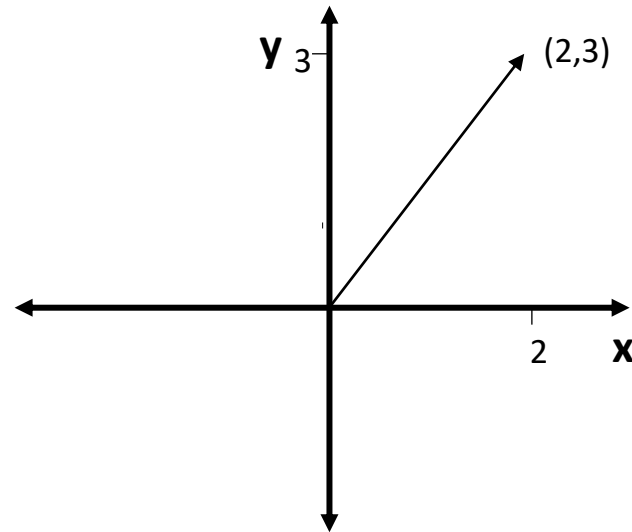Quiz: Can we do better?**

A Better Approach

**Revisiting
Linear Algebra**

Vectors

- Geometric entity which has magnitude and direction

How is (2,3) Different?

What is (1,1,1) ?

Remember!

A number is just a mathematical object. We give meaning to it!

Sentences are Vectors

- "Sri City" as a vector

Sentences are Vectors

- "IIIT Sri City" is a 3-dimensional vector

Sentences are Vectors

- On this 3D space, "Sri City" vector will lie on the x (City) and z (Sri) plane. If (x,y,z) denotes the vector, "Sri City" is (1,0,1).

Natural Language Phrases as Vectors

Let query q = "IIIT Sri City".

Let document, d_1 = "IIIT Sri City" and d_2 = "IIIT Delhi".
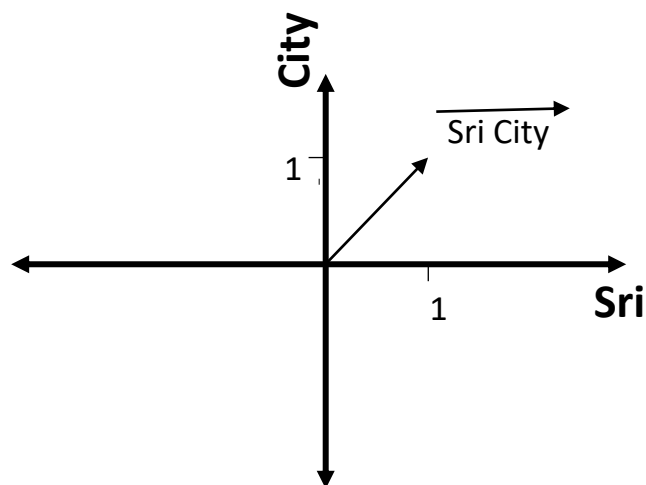
	IIIT	Sri	City	Delhi
q	1	1	1	0
d_1	1	1	1	0
d_2	1	0	0	1

q = (1,1,1,0), d_1 = (1,1,1,0) and d_2 = (1,0,0,1)

Quiz

- Considering the following vectors:

	IIIT	Sri	City	Delhi
q	1	1	1	0
d_1	1	1	1	0
d_2	1	0	0	1

- What is the Natural Language (NL) equivalent of (0,1,1,0) ?
- What is the NL equivalent of (1,0,0,1) ?
- What is the vector for Delhi?
- What is the NL equivalent of q here?

Similarity Score

- Assume, we have the following two documents:
  - d_1 = "Chennai"
  - d_2 = "Delhi"
- On a scale of 0 – 1, how similar are d_1 and d_2?
- What is the angle between d_1 and d_2 vectors?

Delhi

1

d_2

d_1 1

Chennai

Can we express similarity as a function of the angles?

0 – 90 to 1 – 0: How?

	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°
sin	0	1/2	1/√2	√3/2	1
cos	1	√3/2	1/√2	1/2	0
tan	0	1/√3	1	√3	Not defined

Back to Trigonometry: Dot Product

- If x and y are non-unit vectors, what is the cosine of angle between them (cos Θ)?

$$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = \|\mathbf{a}\| \ \|\mathbf{b}\| \ \cos(\theta)$$

(or)

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}}{\|\mathbf{a}\| \ \|\mathbf{b}\|}$$

Matching Documents to Queries
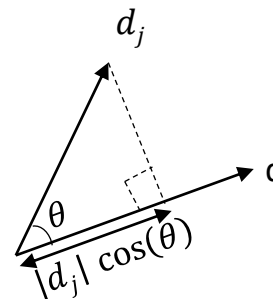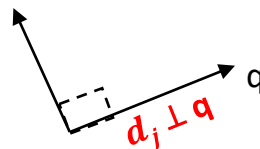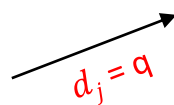
- Document as a vector of term-occurrence

$$d_j = (w_{1j}, w_{2j}, \dots w_{nj})$$

- Query as a vector of term-occurrence

$$q = (w_{1q}, w_{2q}, \dots w_{mq})$$

- Similarity between these vectors can be represented as

$$Cosine\ Similarity = \cos(\theta) = \frac{d_j \cdot q}{||d_j||\ ||q||}$$

$d_j = q$

$d_j \perp q$

d_j

q

θ

$|d_j|\cos(\theta)$

Example

Let query q = "BITS Pilani".

Let document, d_1 = "BITS Pilani Goa Campus" and d_2 = "IIIT Delhi".

	BITS	Pilani	Goa	Campus	IIIT	Delhi
q	1	1	0	0	0	0
d_1	1	1	1	1	0	0
d_2	0	0	0	0	1	1

In our VSM, q = (1,1,0,0,0,0), d_1= (1,1,1,1,0,0) and d_2 = (0,0,0,0,1,1)

$$\text{similarity}(d_1, q) = \frac{d_1.q}{||d_1|| \; ||q||} = \frac{1.1 + 1.1}{\sqrt{1^2+1^2+1^2+1^2} \; \sqrt{1^2+1^2}} = 0.71.$$

$$\text{similarity}(d_2, q) = \frac{d_2.q}{||d_2|| \; ||q||} = 0.$$

Which of the Following are Sets?

- {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13}
- {A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, I, J, K, L, M, N, O}
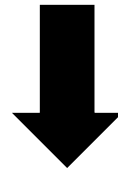- {apple, banana, orange, apple, banana, orange}

Bag

- {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13}
- {A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, I, J, K, L, M, N, O}
- {apple, banana, orange, apple, banana, orange}
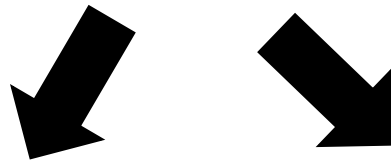
Set of Words Representation

- "IIIT Sri City" → {IIIT, Sri, City}
- "IIIT Sri City, Sri City" → {IIIT, Sri, City}

(Assuming, we ignore the punctuations)

	IIIT	Sri	City
q	1	1	1

Bag of Words Representation

- "IIIT Sri City" → {IIIT, Sri, City}
- "IIIT Sri City, Sri City" → [IIIT, Sri, Sri, City, City]

IIIT Sri City

	IIIT	Sri	City
q	1	1	1

IIIT Sri City, Sri City

	IIIT	Sri	City
q	1	2	2

Leads to different vectors

Which Document to Retrieve?

Query, q = "cheap CDs cheap DVDs extremely cheap CDs"

Retrieval Model
{**VSM**, LDA, BM25, ...}

Results = ??

Content

d_1: "CDs cheap software cheap CDs"
d_2: "cheap thrills DVDs"

	cheap	CDs	DVDs	extremely	software	thrills
q	3	2	1	1	0	0
d_1	2	2	0	0	1	0
d_2	1	0	1	0	0	1

$\leftarrow$ **sim(q,d_1) = 0.86**
$\leftarrow$ **sim(q,d_2) = 0.59**

Example taken from Manning's IR Book (https://nlp.stanford.edu/IR-book/pdf/irbookonlinereading.pdf)

Information Retrieval – Road Ahead

Crawling

Content Processing

Documents

Relevance and Ranking

Query Understanding

Query

Retrieval System

Results

Index

Processed Content

Index Compression

Query

Results

Human Judges

Evaluation Techniques

Technologies & Frameworks

Apache

Apache

Apache

Univ. of Glasgow

Galago, Indri

UMass & CMU

Thanks to these... We can now focus on more complex problems.

Entity Search

Measuring Recommendation Explanation Quality: The Conflicting Goals of Explanations

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Research contributions from leading corporates in SIGIR 2020

Query Rewriting for Voice Shopping Null Queries

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Operationalizing the Legal Principle of Data Minimization for Personalization

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Microsoft Research
Montréal

Peter Potash
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Hal Daumé III
Microsoft Research NYC
University of Maryland

Fernando Diaz
Microsoft Research
Montréal

Michèle Finck
Max Planck Institute for Innovation
and Competition

In spite of all these developments, "search"ing effectively has been an art.

(This is why) The academia, research labs, and the software industry needs you.
Let us strive to build better search experiences.

Thank You

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