

# Information Retrieval

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**Mission defines strategy, and strategy defines structure.**  
– Peter Drucker.



# Query Understanding

# Agenda

## An Overview of Query Types

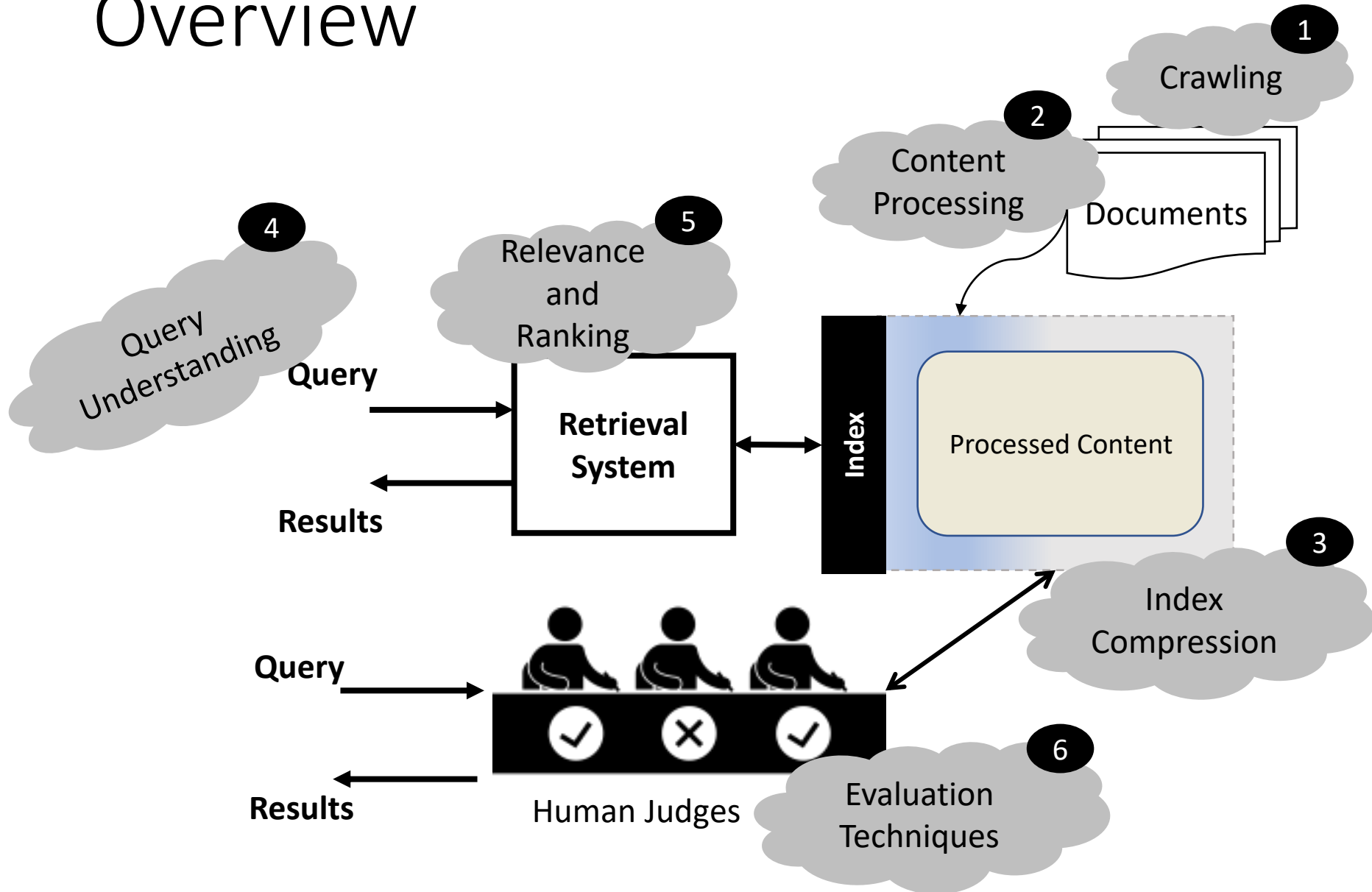
Understanding the query types helps us to optimize the retrieval system.



## Methods of Query Understanding

Token-level Query Processing (Query Segmentation, Spelling Correction, Phonetic Correction)

# Overview



# Some Queries are Hard to Understand!

- Guess, what should the query “IR” return?

The image shows two side-by-side search engine results for the query "IR".

**Google Search Results (Left):**

- Search bar: IR
- Navigation: All (selected), News, Maps, Images
- Results: About 3,03,00,00,000 results
- Top result: [www.indianrail.gov.in](http://www.indianrail.gov.in) Indian Railways
- Second result: [irctc.co.in](http://irctc.co.in) Irctc

**Bing Search Results (Right):**

- Search bar: IR
- Navigation: ALL (selected), IMAGES, VIDEOS, MAPS, NEWS
- Results: 17,70,00,000 Results
- Filters: Date, Language, Region
- Top result: [Welcome to Indian Railway Passenger Reservation Enquiry](http://www.indianrail.gov.in)  
[www.indianrail.gov.in](http://www.indianrail.gov.in)  
The official site with information on trains, fares and availability.  
PNR Status · National Train Enquiry System
- Second result: [Videos of ir](http://bing.com/videos)  
[bing.com/videos](http://bing.com/videos)

Depends on the context:  
who is querying, when they  
are querying and what was  
queried before, popularity of  
keyword, etc.

# Query Types: The N, I & T!

- Navigational
  - Example: “fb”
  - Say, a user wants to visit facebook.com. He might hit fb on the search bar and use the first result to go to the page.
- Informational
  - Example: “Amitabh bachchan”
  - Seeks information about Amitabh Bachchan.
- Transactional
  - Example: “Chennai to Delhi air ticket”
  - Say, the intent is to buy an air ticket and this query is the first step of searching for the best price/route/vendor.

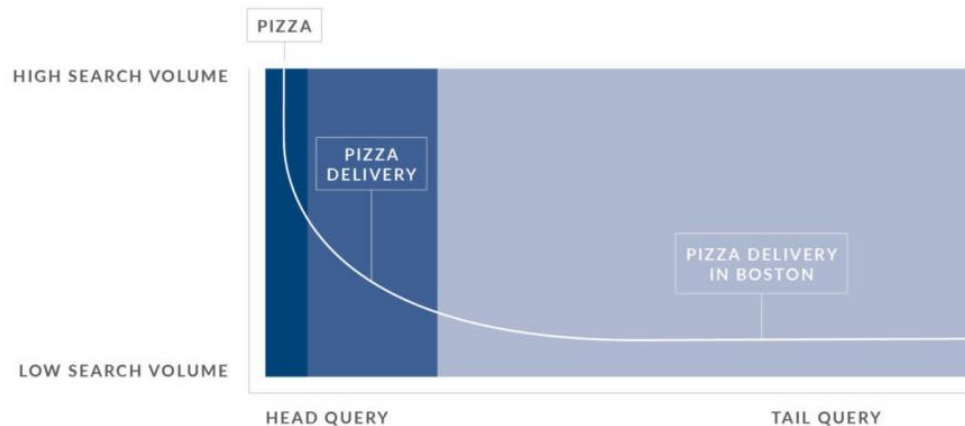
# Query Types: Long and Short

- Typically, queries are **short phrases**
  - “data science degree india”
  - “Stanford semester start date”
- However, **long queries** are not uncommon
  - Example: “easter egg hunts in northeast columbus parks and recreation centers”
  - “Queries of length five words or more have increased at a year over year rate of 10%, while single word queries dropped 3%.” – Balasubramanian, Kumaran and Carvalho – 2010.

# Query Types: Head and Tail Queries

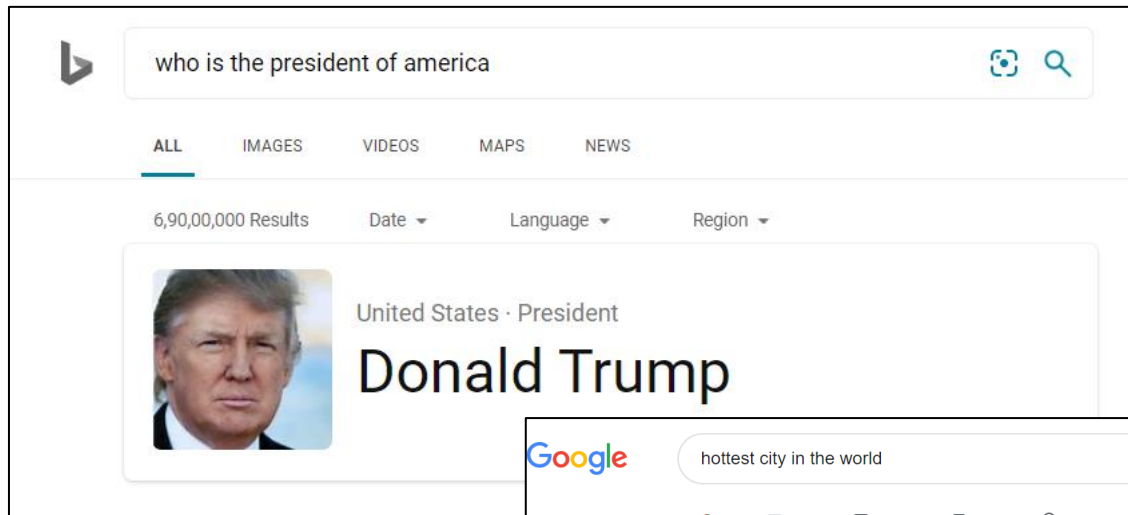
- Head Queries
  - Queries that appear very frequently
- Tail Queries
  - The “rare” queries

In a quest to improve overall performance, we often do not give the attention here that this deserves



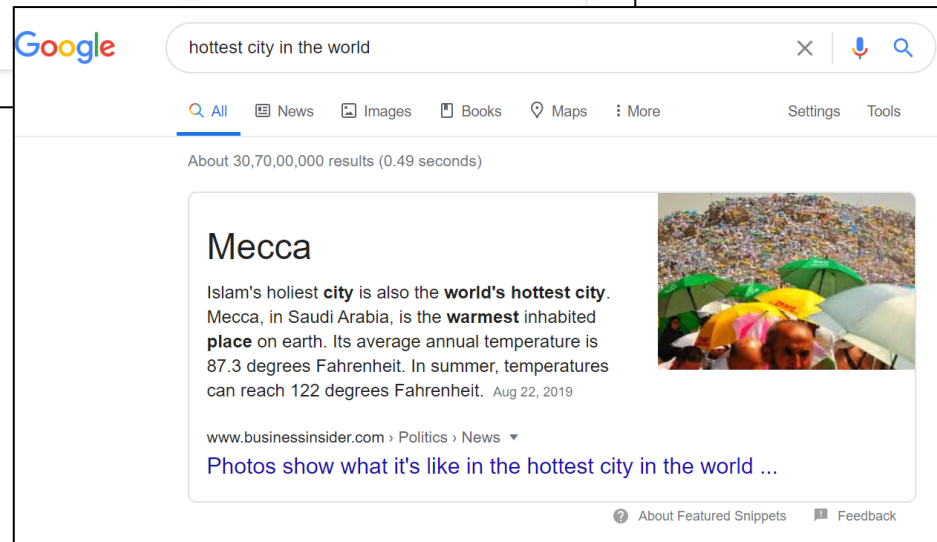


# Query Types: Question and Answers



Wow! How did Bing understand this?

Good Query Understanding



# Methods for Query Understanding

- Token-level Query Processing
  - Spelling Errors
  - Query Segmentation
- Query Reduction
  - Remove less-important query tokens.
- Query Expansion
  - Add more terms to query to improve precision and recall.
- Query Rewriting
  - Transform the original query to a query friendlier to the retrieval system.

# Token-Level Query Processing

# Query Segmentation

- Users might miss spaces when they query.  
Consider, for example:
  - Statebankofindia for “State Bank of India”
  - Amazonprimevideo for “Amazon Prime Video”
- Can you give an algorithm to check if input can be split to arrive at dictionary terms?

# A Recursive Algorithm

S	T	A	T	E	B	A	N	K	O	F	I	N	D	I	A
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

S		T	A	T	E	B	A	N	K	O	F	I	N	D	I	A
---	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

S not in our dictionary. Keep moving till we find a dictionary term.

S	T	A	T	E		B	A	N	K	O	F	I	N	D	I	A
---	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Check if rest of the string “BANKOFINDIA” can be split.  
If “yes”, insert a space after STATE.  
Else, continue with a longer term.

S	T	A	T	E		B	A	N	K		O	F		I	N	D	I	A
---	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	---

Recurse and backtrack till you find a split.

## Dictionary

State

Bank

Of

India

Amazon

Prime

Video

...

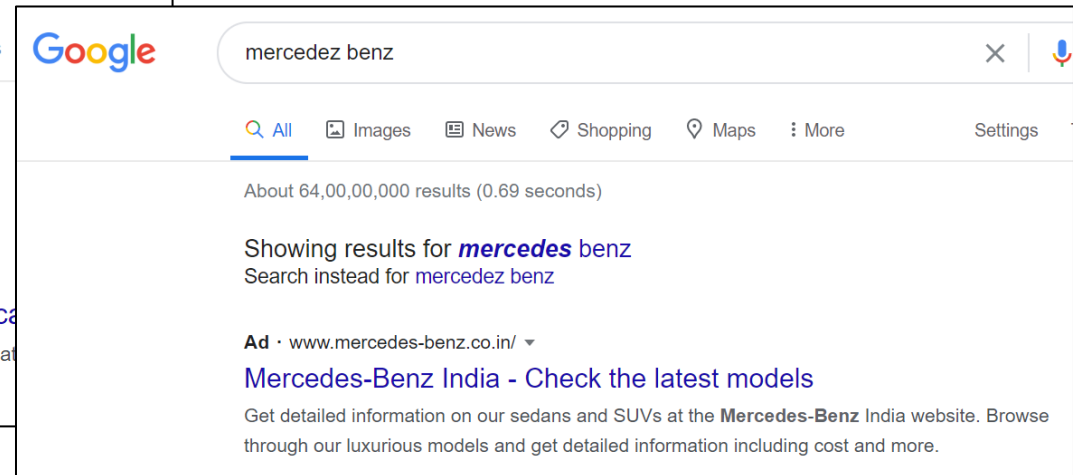
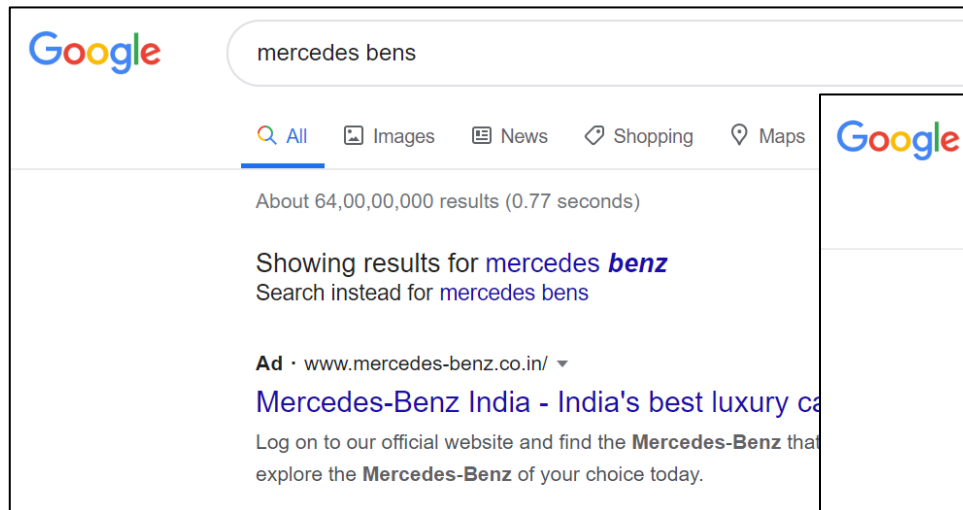
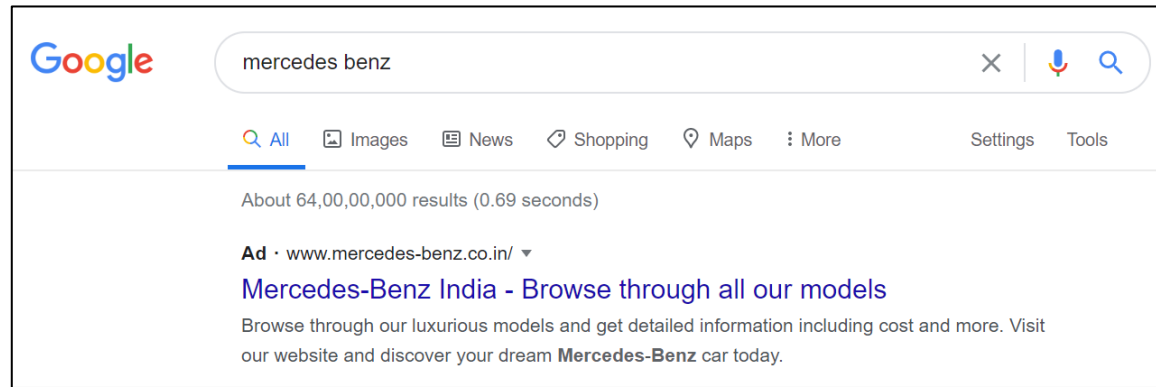
# A Python Solution

```
def splitQuery(dictionary, str):
    if not str:
        return True

    for i in range(1, len(str) + 1):
        prefix = str[:i]
        if prefix in dictionary and splitQuery(dictionary, str[i:]):
            return True
    return False

if __name__ == '__main__':
    dictionary = ["state", "bank", "india", "of", "amazon", "prime", "video"]
    query = "statebankofindians"
    if splitQuery(dictionary, query):
        print("Yes, Query can be split into terms.")
    else:
        print("No. Query cannot be split.")
```

# Spelling Errors



# Some Types of Misspellings

Cause	Misspelling	Correction
Typing quickly	exxit misspell	exit misspell
Keyboard adjacency	important	important
Inconsistent rules	concieve conceirge	conceive concierge
Ambiguous word breaking	silver light	silverlight
New words	kinnect	kinect



# Spelling Errors in Query

- 10% to 20% of queries carry misspelt words<sup>1</sup>.
- English is not 100% phonetic (e.g., colonel, read vs dead).
- How many of these phrases contain spelling errors?
  - cigarette lighter
  - forty dollars
  - going to library today
  - unforgettable holiday
  - successful businessman

# Notorious Britney

The data below shows some of the misspellings detected by our spelling correction system for the query [ britney spears ], and the count of how many different users spelled her name that way. -- Google.

488941 britney spears	29 britent spears	9 brinttany spears	5 brney spears	3 britiy spears	2 brirreny spears
40134 brittany spears	29 brittnany spears	9 britanay spears	5 broitney spears	3 britmeny spears	2 brittany spears
36315 brittney spears	29 britttany spears	9 britinany spears	5 brotny spears	3 britneey spears	2 britttany spears
24342 britany spears	29 btiney spears	9 britn spears	5 bruteny spears	3 britnehy spears	2 britttney spears
7331 britny spears	26 birttney spears	9 britnew spears	5 btiyney spears	3 britnely spears	2 britain spears
6633 briteny spears	26 breitney spears	9 britneyyn spears	5 btrittney spears	3 britnesy spears	2 britane spears
2696 britteny spears	26 brinity spears	9 britrney spears	5 gritney spears	3 britnetty spears	2 britaneny spears
1807 briney spears	26 britenay spears	9 brtiny spears	5 spritney spears	3 britnex spears	2 britania spears
1635 brittny spears	26 britneyt spears	9 brtittney spears	4 bittny spears	3 britneyxxx spears	2 britann spears
1479 brintey spears	26 brittan spears	9 brtny spears	4 bnritney spears	3 britnity spears	2 britanna spears
1479 britanny spears	26 brittne spears	9 brytny spears	4 brandy spears	3 britntey spears	2 britannie spears
1338 britiny spears	26 btittany spears	9 rbitney spears	4 brbritney spears	3 britnyey spears	2 britannt spears
1211 britnet spears	24 beitney spears	8 birtiny spears	4 breatiny spears	3 britterny spears	2 britannu spears
1096 britiney spears	24 birteny spears	8 bithney spears	4 breetney spears	3 brittneey spears	2 britanyl spears
991 britaney spears	24 brightney spears	8 brattany spears	4 bretiney spears	3 brittnney spears	2 britanyt spears
991 britnay spears	24 brintiny spears	8 breitny spears	4 brfitney spears	3 brittnyey spears	2 briteeny spears
811 brithney spears	24 britanty spears	8 breteny spears	4 briattany spears	3 brityen spears	2 britenany spears
811 brtiney spears	24 britenny spears	8 brightny spears	4 brieteny spears	3 briytny spears	2 britenet spears
664 birtney spears	24 britini spears	8 brintay spears	4 briety spears	3 brltney spears	2 briteniy spears
664 brintney spears	24 britnwy spears	8 brinttey spears	4 briitny spears	3 broteny spears	2 britenys spears
664 briteney spears	24 brittni spears	8 briotney spears	4 briittany spears	3 brtaney spears	2 britianey spears
601 bitney spears	24 brittnie spears	8 britanys spears	4 brinie spears	3 brtiiany spears	2 britin spears
601 brinty spears	21 biritney spears	8 britley spears	4 brinteney spears	3 brtinay spears	2 britinary spears
544 brittaney spears	21 birtany spears	8 britneyb spears	4 brintne spears	3 brittnney spears	2 britmy spears
544 brittnay spears	21 biteny spears	8 britnrey spears	4 britaby spears	3 brtitany spears	2 britnaney spears

Source: <https://archive.google.com/jobs/britney.html>

# Two Major Approaches

- Two major approaches exist for spelling correction:
  - finding “**nearest**” dictionary term.
  - finding “**most commonly used**” dictionary term when there are multiple “nearest terms”.
- Two major kinds:
  - Isolated-Term Correction
    - Correct one word at a time.
  - Context-Sensitive Correction
    - “flew **form** New York” – Note that form is a dictionary term. Yet, this requires to be corrected to “flew from New York”.

Edit Distance

# Spelling Correction: Edit distance

- Given two strings  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ , the minimum number of operations to convert one to the other
- Operations are typically character-level
  - Insert, Delete, Replace, (and perhaps Transposition\*)
- E.g., the edit distance from **dof** to **dog** is 1
  - From **cat** to **act** is 2 (Just 1 with transpose.)
  - from **cat** to **dog** is 3.

\*In this course, we do not consider transposition.

# Quiz

What is the edit distance between Sunday  
and Saturday?

\*You are allowed to perform only Insert, Delete, and Replace operations.

# Answer

- Saturday = Sunday = S\*day
- Problem is same as
  - What is the edit distance between atur and un?
  - Answer
    - Delete a,t. Replace r with n.
    - 3.

# Levenshtein Example

		S	a	t	u	r	d	a	y
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
S	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
u	2	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6
n	3	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	6
d	4	3	3	3	3	4	3	4	5
a	5	4	3	4	4	4	4	3	4
y	6	5	4	4	5	5	5	4	3

Sunday

Keep s. **Insert a, t.**

Keep u.

**Replace r.**

Keep day.

Saturday



$$\begin{aligned}
 D(i, j) &= \min \left[ \begin{aligned} &D(i-1, j) + w_d, \\ &D(i, j-1) + w_i, \\ &D(i-1, j-1) + w_r \end{aligned} \right] \\
 D(i, 0) &= D(i-1, 0) + w_d \\
 D(0, j) &= D(0, j-1) + w_i
 \end{aligned} \right\} \forall i, j > 0$$

$$D(0, 0) = 0$$

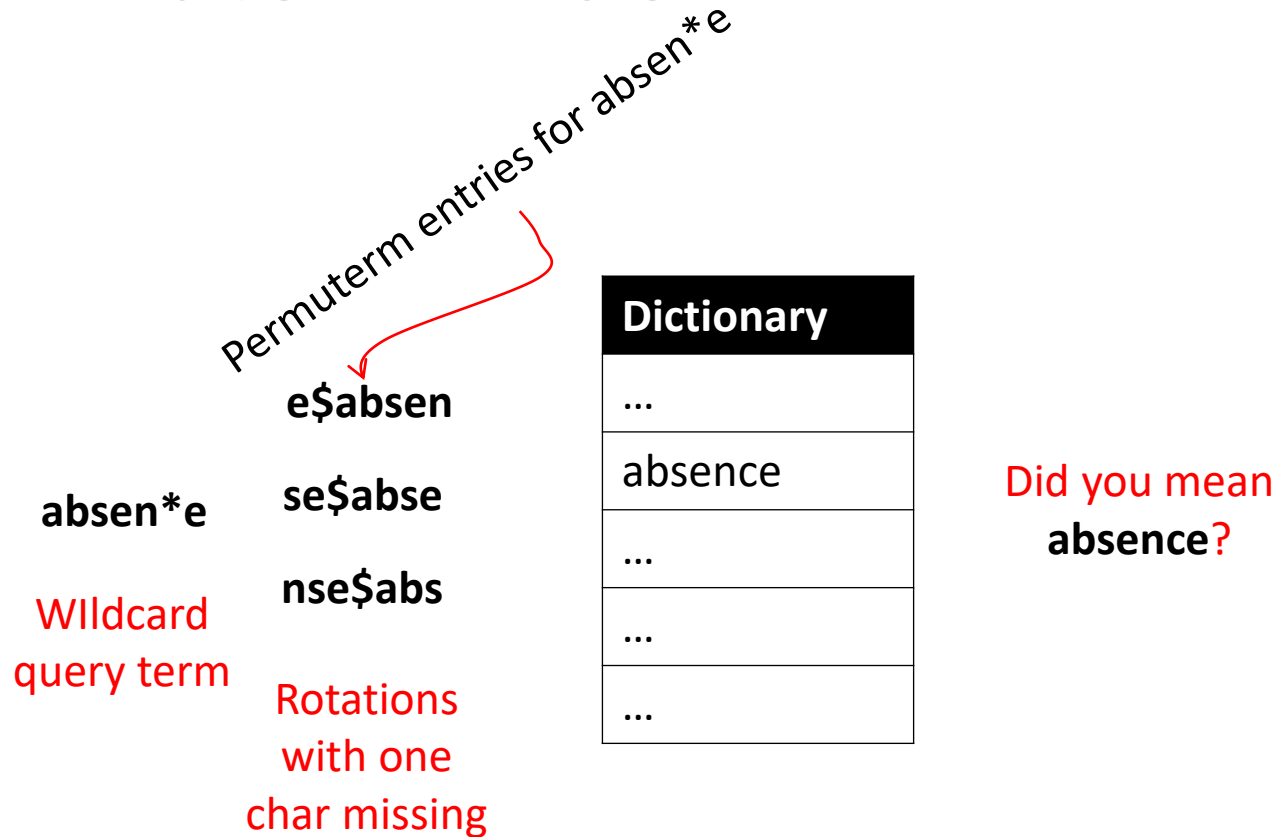
# Levenshtein Algorithm

EDITDISTANCE( $s_1, s_2$ )

```
1  int  $m[i, j] = 0$ 
2  for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $|s_1|$ 
3  do  $m[i, 0] = i$ 
4  for  $j \leftarrow 1$  to  $|s_2|$ 
5  do  $m[0, j] = j$ 
6  for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $|s_1|$ 
7  do for  $j \leftarrow 1$  to  $|s_2|$ 
8      do  $m[i, j] = \min\{m[i-1, j-1] + \text{if } (s_1[i] = s_2[j]) \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1, \text{fi,}$ 
9           $m[i-1, j] + 1,$ 
10          $m[i, j-1] + 1\}$ 
11 return  $m[|s_1|, |s_2|]$ 
```

**Can we use Levenshtein's Distance  
to answer wildcard queries?**

# Permuterm Index



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Compute edit distance for each query term with each of its permuterm based matches. Very expensive!  
Assume first letter will be correct. Apply such heuristics.

# K-grams for Spelling Correction

# k-gram Idea for Spelling Correction

- Many heuristics lead to poor matches.
- For example, “bored” misspelt as “bord” may match “boardroom” if the heuristic is
  - Match any two bigrams
    - and we matched “bo” and “rd”
- Potential Solution
  - Compute Jaccard Similarity between k-grams of matched term and that of the query term.

# Jaccard Coefficient

- Jaccard Coefficient of two sets A and B  
=  $|A \cap B| / |A \cup B|$
- Example: JS on bigrams of (“bord”, “boardroom”)  
=  $|\{\$b, bo, rd\}| / |\{\$b, bo, or, rd, d$, oa, ar, dr, ro, oo, om, m$\}|$   
= 3/12.

\*If you do not use end markings, we get 2/9.

# Context-Sensitive Spelling Correction

- Our heuristics may lead to
  - “flew form Delhi” → “flew fore Delhi”, “flew from Delhi”
- Surrounding words may determine the correction
- Potential Solution
  - Use query log frequency or collection frequency of these phrases to choose the best.



Thank You